NAG C Library Function Document

nag_zsyr2k (f16zwc)

1 Purpose

nag_zsyr2k (f16zwc) performs a rank-2k update on a complex symmetric matrix.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
void nag_zsyr2k (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_UploType uplo, Nag_TransType trans,
     Integer n, Integer k, Complex alpha, const Complex a[], Integer pda,
     Complex b[], Integer pdb, Complex beta, Complex c[], Integer pdc,
     NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zsyr2k (f16zwc) performs one of the symmetric rank-2k update operations

$$C \leftarrow \alpha AB^{\mathrm{T}} + \alpha BA^{\mathrm{T}} + \beta C \quad \text{or} \quad C \leftarrow \alpha A^{\mathrm{T}}B + \alpha B^{\mathrm{T}}A + \beta C,$$

where A and B are complex matrices, C is an n by n complex symmetric matrix, and α and β are complex scalars.

4 References

The BLAS Technical Forum Standard (2001) *www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum*

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = **Nag_RowMajor** or **Nag_ColMajor**.

2: **uplo** – Nag_UploType *Input*

On entry: specifies whether the upper or lower triangular part of C is stored.

uplo = **Nag_Upper**

The upper triangular part of C is stored.

uplo = **Nag_Lower**

The lower triangular part of C is stored.

Constraint: **uplo** = **Nag_Upper** or **Nag_Lower**.

3: **trans** – Nag_TransType *Input*

On entry: specifies the operation to be performed.

trans = **Nag_NoTrans**

$C \leftarrow \alpha AB^{\mathrm{T}} + \alpha BA^{\mathrm{T}} + \beta C$.

trans = **Nag_Trans**

$$C \leftarrow \alpha A^{\mathrm{T}}B + \alpha B^{\mathrm{T}}A + \beta C.$$

Constraint: **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans** or **Nag_Trans**.

4: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n, the order of the matrix C; the number of rows of A and B if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, or the number of columns of A and B otherwise.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

5: **k** – Integer *Input*

On entry: k, the number of columns of A and B if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, or the number of rows of A and B otherwise.

Constraint: $\mathbf{k} \geq 0$.

6: **alpha** – Complex *Input*

On entry: the scalar α.

7: **a**[dim] – const Complex *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least

$\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{k})$ when **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans** and **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**;
$\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{pda})$ when **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans** and **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**;
$\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans** and **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**;
$\max(1, \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{pda})$ when **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans** and **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**.

If **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**, the (i,j)th element of the matrix A is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + i - 1]$.

If **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**, the (i,j)th element of the matrix A is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + j - 1]$.

On entry: the matrix A; A is n by k if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, or k by n otherwise.

8: **pda** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **a**.

Constraints:

if **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**,
  if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
  if **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans**, **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{k})$;

if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**,
  if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{k})$;
  if **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans**, **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

9: **b**[dim] – Complex *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **b** must be at least

$\max(1, \mathbf{pdb} \times \mathbf{k})$ when **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans** and **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**;
$\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{pdb})$ when **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans** and **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**;
$\max(1, \mathbf{pdb} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans** and **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**;
$\max(1, \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{pdb})$ when **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans** and **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**.

If **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**, the (i,j)th element of the matrix B is stored in $\mathbf{b}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdb} + i - 1]$.

If **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**, the (i,j)th element of the matrix B is stored in $\mathbf{b}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdb} + j - 1]$.

On exit: the matrix B; B is n by k if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, or k by n otherwise.

10: **pdb** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **b**.

Constraints:

if **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**,
  if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, **pdb** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
  if **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans**, **pdb** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{k})$;

if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**,
  if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, **pdb** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{k})$;
  if **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans**, **pdb** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

11: **beta** – Complex *Input*

On entry: the scalar β.

12: **c**$[dim]$ – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **c** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pdc} \times \mathbf{n})$.

If **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**, the (i,j)th element of the matrix C is stored in $\mathbf{c}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdc} + i - 1]$.

If **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**, the (i,j)th element of the matrix C is stored in $\mathbf{c}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdc} + j - 1]$.

On entry: the n by n symmetric matrix C.

If **uplo** = **Nag_Upper**, the upper triangle of C must be stored and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced.

If **uplo** = **Nag_Lower**, the lower triangle of C must be stored and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.

On exit: the updated matrix C.

13: **pdc** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **c**.

Constraint: **pdc** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

14: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.6 of the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument ⟨*value*⟩ had an illegal value.

NE_ENUM_INT_2

On entry, **trans** = ⟨*value*⟩, **k** = ⟨*value*⟩, **pda** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{k})$.

On entry, **trans** = ⟨*value*⟩, **k** = ⟨*value*⟩, **pda** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: if **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans**, **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{k})$.

On entry, **trans** = ⟨*value*⟩, **k** = ⟨*value*⟩, **pdb** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, **pdb** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{k})$.

On entry, **trans** = ⟨*value*⟩, **k** = ⟨*value*⟩, **pdb** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: if **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans**, **pdb** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{k})$.

On entry, **trans** = ⟨*value*⟩, **n** = ⟨*value*⟩, **pda** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On entry, **trans** = ⟨*value*⟩, **n** = ⟨*value*⟩, **pda** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: if **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans**, **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On entry, **trans** = ⟨*value*⟩, **n** = ⟨*value*⟩, **pdb** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: if **trans** = **Nag_NoTrans**, **pdb** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On entry, **trans** = ⟨*value*⟩, **n** = ⟨*value*⟩, **pdb** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: if **trans** = **Nag_Trans** or **Nag_ConjTrans**, **pdb** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

NE_INT

On entry, **k** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: **k** ≥ 0.

On entry, **n** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: **n** ≥ 0.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pdc** = ⟨*value*⟩, **n** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: **pdc** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of The BLAS Technical Forum Standard (2001)).

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

Perform rank-2k update of complex symmetric 4 by 4 matrix C using 4 by 2 matrices A and B, $C = C + (-0.5 + 0.5i)AB^{\mathrm{T}} + (-0.5 - 0.5i)BA^{\mathrm{T}}$, where

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 4.78 + 0.00i & 2.00 - 0.30i & 2.89 - 1.34i & -1.89 + 1.15i \\ 2.00 - 0.30i & -4.11 + 0.00i & 2.36 - 4.25i & 0.04 - 3.69i \\ 2.89 - 1.34i & 2.36 - 4.25i & 4.15 + 0.00i & -0.02 + 0.46i \\ -1.89 + 1.15i & 0.04 - 3.69i & -0.02 + 0.46i & 0.33 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix},$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.7 - 2.3i & -1.8 + 2.4i \\ 2.9 - 2.1i & 1.2 + 1.4i \\ -2.9 + 1.0i & 0.6 + 0.8i \\ 1.5 + 0.9i & -1.4 - 1.7i \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} -0.3 - 1.9i & 2.1 - 1.1i \\ -2.4 + 1.4i & 0.6 - 2.9i \\ -0.2 - 2.9i & -1.5 + 0.1i \\ 3.5 + 0.8i & 2.2 + 3.7i \end{pmatrix}.$$

9.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_zsyr2k (f16zwc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2005 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 8, 2005.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{

  /* Scalars */
  Complex alpha, beta;
  Integer adim1, adim2, exit_status, i, j, k, n, pda, pdb, pdc;

  /* Arrays */
  Complex *a=0, *b=0, *c=0;
  char nag_enum_arg[40];

  /* Nag Types */
  NagError fail;
  Nag_OrderType order;
  Nag_UploType uplo;
  Nag_TransType trans;
  Nag_MatrixType matrix;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A(I,J) a[(J-1)*pda + I - 1]
#define B(I,J) b[(J-1)*pdb + I - 1]
#define C(I,J) c[(J-1)*pdc + I - 1]
  order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A(I,J) a[(I-1)*pda + J - 1]
#define B(I,J) b[(I-1)*pdb + J - 1]
#define C(I,J) c[(I-1)*pdc + J - 1]
  order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

  exit_status = 0;
  INIT_FAIL(fail);

  Vprintf( "nag_zsyr2k (f16zwc) Example Program Results\n\n");

  /* Skip heading in data file */
  Vscanf("%*[^\n] ");

  /* Read the problem dimensions */
  Vscanf("%ld%ld%*[^\n] ", &n, &k);

  /* Read the uplo parameter */
  Vscanf("%s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
  /* nag_enum_name_to_value(x04nac).
   * Converts NAG enum member name to value
   */
  uplo = nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
  /* Read the transpose parameter */
  Vscanf("%s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
  /* nag_enum_name_to_value(x04nac), see above. */
  trans = nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
  /* Read scalar parameters */
  Vscanf(" ( %lf , %lf )%*[^\n] ", &alpha.re,  &alpha.im);
  Vscanf(" ( %lf , %lf )%*[^\n] ", &beta.re,  &beta.im);

  if (trans == Nag_NoTrans) {
```

```
    adim1 = n;
    adim2 = k;
  } else {
    adim1 = k;
    adim2 = n;
  }

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
  pda = adim1;
#else
  pda = adim2;
#endif
  pdb = pda;
  pdc = n;
  if (k > 0 && n > 0)
    {
      /* Allocate memory */
      if ( !(a = NAG_ALLOC(k*n, Complex)) ||
           !(b = NAG_ALLOC(k*n, Complex)) ||
           !(c = NAG_ALLOC(n*n, Complex)) )
        {
          Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
          exit_status = -1;
          goto END;
        }
    }
  else
    {
      Vprintf("Invalid k or n\n");
      exit_status = 1;
      return exit_status;
    }

  /* Input matrix A. */
  for (i = 1; i <= adim1; ++i)
    {
      for (j = 1; j <= adim2; ++j)
        Vscanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i,j).re, &A(i,j).im);
      Vscanf("%*[^\n] ");
    }
  /* Input matrix A. */
  for (i = 1; i <= adim1; ++i)
    {
      for (j = 1; j <= adim2; ++j)
        Vscanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &B(i,j).re, &B(i,j).im);
      Vscanf("%*[^\n] ");
    }
  /* Input matrix C. */
  if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
    {
      for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
        {
          for (j = i; j <= n; ++j)
            Vscanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &C(i,j).re, &C(i,j).im);
        }
      Vscanf("%*[^\n] ");
    }
  else
    {
      for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
        {
          for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j)
            Vscanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &C(i,j).re, &C(i,j).im);
        }
      Vscanf("%*[^\n] ");
    }

  /* nag_zsyr2k(f16zwc).
   * Rank 2k update of complex symmetric matrix.
   *
   */
```

```
  nag_zsyr2k(order, uplo, trans, n, k, alpha, a, pda, b, pdb, beta,
             c, pdc, &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
      Vprintf("Error from nag_zsyr2k.\n%s\n", fail.message);
      exit_status = 1;
      goto END;
    }
  if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
    {
      matrix = Nag_UpperMatrix;
    }
  else
    {
       matrix = Nag_LowerMatrix;
    }
  /* Print updated matrix C */
  /* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
   * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
   */
  nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, matrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n, c,
                                pdc, Nag_BracketForm, "%6.2f",
                                "Updated Matrix C", Nag_IntegerLabels,
                                0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0,
                                &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
      Vprintf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s"
              "\n",fail.message);
      exit_status = 1;
      goto END;
    }
 END:
  if (a) NAG_FREE(a);
  if (b) NAG_FREE(b);
  if (c) NAG_FREE(c);

  return exit_status;
}
```

9.2 Program Data

```
nag_zsyr2k (f16zwc) Example Program Data
  4  2                        :Values of n and k
  Nag_Lower                   :Value of uplo
  Nag_NoTrans                 :Value of trans
 ( -0.5, 0.5)                 :Value of alpha
 (  1.0, 0.0)                 :Value of beta
 (  1.7, -2.3) ( -1.8,  2.4)
 (  2.9, -2.1) (  1.2,  1.4)
 ( -2.9,  1.0) (  0.6,  0.8)
 (  1.5,  0.9) ( -1.4, -1.7)                              :End of matrix A
 ( -0.3, -1.9) (  2.1, -1.1)
 ( -2.4,  1.4) (  0.6, -2.9)
 ( -0.2, -2.9) ( -1.5,  0.1)
 (  3.5,  0.8) (  2.2,  3.7)                              :End of matrix B
 ( 4.78, 0.00)
 ( 2.00,-0.30) (-4.11, 0.00)
 ( 2.89,-1.34) ( 2.36,-4.25) ( 4.15, 0.00)
 (-1.89, 1.15) ( 0.04,-3.69) (-0.02, 0.46) ( 0.33, 0.00) :End of matrix C
```

9.3 Program Results

```
nag_zsyr2k (f16zwc) Example Program Results

 Updated Matrix C

                  1                2                3                4
 1  (  6.32,-10.50)
 2  ( -5.76, -3.84)  (-11.33, -5.70)
 3  (  3.72, -0.15)  ( 11.39,  4.41)  ( -5.42, -4.57)
 4  (  9.02,  3.46)  ( -2.03, -7.09)  (  2.46, -5.06)  ( -2.84, 12.31)
```